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QUESTIONS & ANSWERS
DEMO VERSION
(LIMITED CONTENT)

Question 1

Question Type: MultipleChoice

What is the purpose of creating a Business Automation Studio project?

Options:

- A- To create, develop, and integrate assets within Datacap.
- B- To manage business progression, risks, and application uncertainties.
- C- To build, manage, share, and organize assets.
- D- To define, develop, and assign predictive life cycles.

Answer:

C

Explanation:

The correct answer is C. A Business Automation Studio project is the organizing container for automation artifacts that share the same lifecycle and are grouped to solve a business problem. Projects are used to build, manage, share, and organize these assets. A project can represent different automation types depending on the installed capabilities, including business applications, workflow automations, decision automations, document-processing automations, and external automations. This project model gives solution teams a controlled workspace for creating, developing, testing, publishing, and deploying automation assets so they can be reused consistently across the platform. Option A is incorrect because Datacap is a document-capture product, while Business Automation Studio projects are broader CP4BA authoring constructs. Option B uses generic project-management language but does not describe the Studio project purpose. Option D is unrelated to the CP4BA project model and predictive lifecycle assignment. Reference/topics: Business Automation Studio, projects, automation assets, lifecycle grouping, business applications, workflow automations, decision automations.

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

How can an automation service that was created outside IBM Business Automation Studio be used?

Options:

- A- Set the service provider in the automation service config file, then publish the service.
- B- Define the HTTP methods for each endpoint, then publish using Business Automation Studio.
- C- Create an external automation service, then publish as either a Business Automation Workflow or Open API external service.
- D- Define the data format and structure, then create the external automation service.

Answer:

C

Explanation:

The correct answer is C. IBM Business Automation Studio supports reuse of services that were created outside Studio through external automation services. External automation services allow reuse of existing services created outside IBM Business Automation Studio. Existing process applications from traditional Business Automation Workflow can be reused by importing them and creating an automation service in Business Automation Studio, or services can be discovered from an OpenAPI or Swagger file and selected for publication as external automation services. Once published, these services become discoverable and reusable by applications and other automations through the Business Automation Studio catalog. Option A describes a configuration-file approach that is not the documented primary flow. Option B is too narrow because HTTP method definition alone does not cover the external automation-service lifecycle. Option D describes only part of a service-description concern and omits creation and publication as an external automation service. Reference/topics: Business Automation Studio, external automation services, OpenAPI/Swagger services, traditional BAW process application reuse, publishing automation services.

Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

What is the Decision Center component in Operational Decision Manager?

Options:

- A- A desktop Java application for developing, managing, and deploying decision services.
- B- A web environment for monitoring rule execution runtime.
- C- A desktop Java application for authoring decision services.
- D- A collaborative web environment for developing, managing, and deploying decision services.

Answer:

D

Explanation:

The correct answer is D. Decision Center is the collaborative web environment and repository used by business and technical users to develop, manage, govern, validate, and deploy decision services in Operational Decision Manager. Decision Center is a scalable decision-management application and repository that includes a collaborative web environment for developing, managing, and deploying decision services. This is distinct from Rule Designer, which is the Eclipse-based desktop development environment used primarily by technical users. It is also distinct from Rule Execution Server, which provides the runtime environment for executing and monitoring deployed decision services. Option B incorrectly describes runtime monitoring rather than decision-authoring governance. Option A and option C incorrectly describe Decision Center as a desktop Java application. In a CP4BA solution architecture, Decision Center is the controlled collaboration layer where rule authors, analysts, policy managers, and administrators manage rule changes and deployment lifecycle. Reference/topics: Operational Decision Manager, Decision Center, collaborative web environment, decision-service repository, governance, Rule Designer versus Decision Center.

Question 4

Question Type: MultipleChoice

A customer wants to automate some of the typical operations performed in Decision Center Business Console.

Which two operations can be automated using the Decision Center REST API? (Choose two.)

Options:

- A- Create action rules and decision tables.
- B- Retrieve Rule Execution Server statistics.
- C- Create operations and deployment configurations.
- D- Retrieve decision services from the repository.
- E- Build, download, or deploy a RuleApp for a deployment configuration.

Answer:

D, E

Explanation:

The correct answers are D and E. Decision Center exposes a REST API that is designed to automate decision-service lifecycle operations normally performed through the Business Console, especially in continuous deployment scenarios. The Decision Center REST API can be used to build, test, and deploy decision services, and to enforce a continuous deployment process with a programming language of choice. Rule deployment can be automated by using the Decision Center REST API, and RuleApp archives can be downloaded through programmatic APIs. Retrieving decision services from the repository is a normal repository-management operation exposed through the REST API model. Building, downloading, or deploying a RuleApp for a deployment configuration is also a supported deployment-automation scenario. Option B relates to Rule Execution Server runtime monitoring, not Decision Center Business Console automation. Options A and C are not the tested REST-automation operations in this context. Reference/topics: Decision Center REST API, decision-service repository operations, automated rule deployment, RuleApp build/download/deploy, deployment configurations.

Question 5

Question Type: MultipleChoice

A financial services company wants to automate loan approvals using business rules in a scalable, cloud-native solution with user-friendly rule authoring.

Which Cloud Pak for Business Automation capability is most suitable?

Options:

- A- Operational Decision Manager
- B- FileNet Content Manager
- C- Business Automation Workflow
- D- Business Automation Workflow

Answer:

A

Explanation:

The correct answer is A: Operational Decision Manager. Loan approval is a classic operational decision-management use case because approval, rejection, referral, pricing, eligibility, risk-tiering, and compliance logic can be expressed as business rules and decision tables. Operational Decision Manager enables businesses to respond to real-time data by applying automated decisions, and business and technical users can externally develop and manage decision logic used by operational

systems. ODM decision management supports intuitive rule editing, collaborative development, scalable deployment, and integration with production systems. FileNet Content Manager would store loan documents and supporting evidence, but it does not automate approval rules. Business Automation Workflow can orchestrate the loan process, assign tasks, and manage exceptions, but it is not the most suitable capability for business-rule authoring and decision execution. ODM is therefore the best fit for scalable, governed, user-friendly loan-decision automation. Reference/topics: Operational Decision Manager, decision services, business-rule management, rule authoring, automated loan decisions.

Question 6

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which Cloud Pak for Business Automation capabilities are specifically designed for Decision Management?

Options:

- A- Automation Decision Services and Operational Decision Manager
- B- Automation Decision Services and Process Mining
- C- Advanced Document Processing and Operational Decision Manager
- D- Operational Decision Manager and Robotic Process Automation

Answer:

A

Explanation:

The correct answer is A: Automation Decision Services and Operational Decision Manager. Decision Management in Cloud Pak for Business Automation covers capabilities used to capture, author, govern, test, deploy, and execute automated decisions. Decision Management includes tools for automating repeatable business decisions, with Operational Decision Manager providing business-rule management, collaborative rule authoring, rule governance, deployment, and runtime execution. Automation Decision Services provides a modern decision-modeling and decision-service authoring experience for business experts, including graphical decision modeling and validation. Process Mining is not a decision-management capability; it analyzes event logs to discover and optimize process behavior. Advanced or Automation Document Processing is focused on document classification, extraction, enrichment, and validation, not the core management of business decisions. Robotic Process Automation executes scripted user or system tasks and is not a decision-management platform. Therefore, ADS and ODM are the two capabilities specifically aligned to Decision Management. Reference/topics: Decision Management, Automation Decision Services, Operational

Decision Manager, decision services, rule authoring and governance.

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